



Ignite IT Performance™

Hey Oracle Optimizer! Don't Mess with MY Plans

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Who Am I?



- Senior DBA for Confio Software
 - JanisGriffin@confio.com
 - Twitter - [@DoBoutAnything](https://twitter.com/DoBoutAnything)
 - Current – 24+ Years in Oracle
 - DBA and Developer
- Specialize in Performance Tuning
- Review Database Performance for Customers and Prospects
- Confio Software
 - Makers of Ignite8 Response Time Analysis Tools
 - IgniteVM for Oracle/SQL/Sybase/DB2 on Vmware
 - AlarmVm for VM Administrators

Agenda

- History of Plan Stability
 - Outlines
 - Profiles
- New in 11.1 – SQL Plan Management (SPM)
 - How does it work – baselines
 - SPM main components & system views
 - dbms_spm
- Several Examples
 - Customer Query
 - Product Query
- Q & A

History of Plan Stability

- Oracle 8 – Introduced cost-based optimizer
 - Allowed for:
 - Hash joins & histograms
 - Partitioned tables & parallel queries
 - Required statistics gathering
 - Quickly found out that plans could change over time
 - 8.1.7+ Stored Outlines to control plan changes
- Oracle 10g – SQL Profiles / Tuning Advisor
 - Sub-optimal execution plans still generated
 - Performance Regression overtime - No Evolution
 - DBMS_SQLTUNE – Costs \$\$\$
- Oracle 11.1 – SQL Plan Management
 - Free – No Extra \$\$\$ with Enterprise
 - alter system set control_management_pack_access = 'NONE'; -- disables DIAG/Tuning
 - DBMS_SPM & Baselines

More on Outlines & Profiles



■ Stored Outlines

- Can 'freeze' a plan for a specific statement
- Used when sql changing between a couple of plans
 - e.g. bind variable peeking
- Implemented with hints
 - So freeze is not absolutely guaranteed (e.g. hint uses index & index is dropped)
 - DBMS_OUTLN / alter session set create_stored_outlines = true;

■ SQL Profiles

- Created by SQL Tuning Advisor (dbms_sqltune - cost \$\$\$)
- Similar to Outlines – implemented with hints
- Uses OPT_ESTIMATE hint – not always accurate
 - Tries to improve cost estimates over time (factors 10x estimate)
- Nightly look at SQLs to find better execution plan

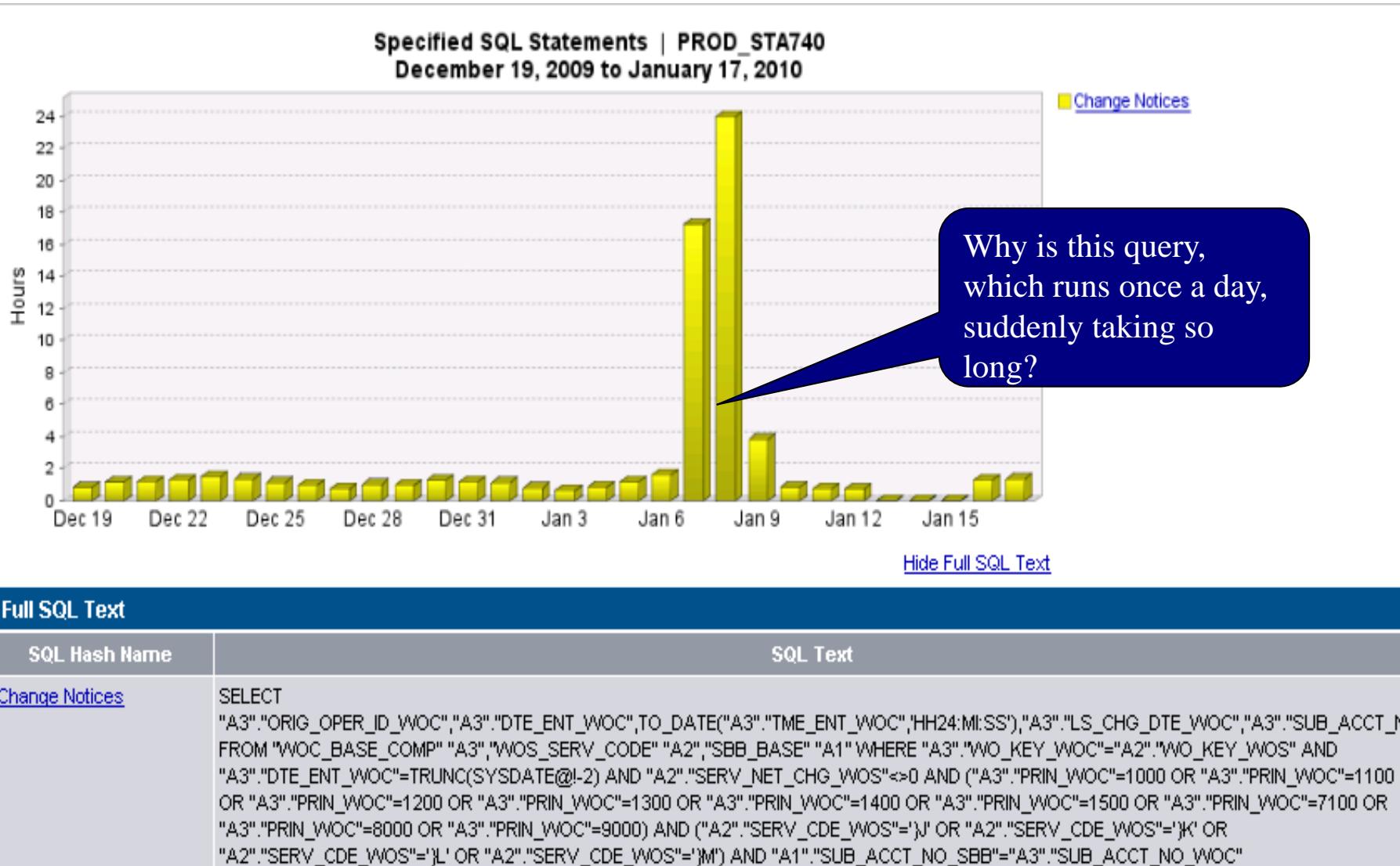
- Reactive versus Proactive
 - Performance issues have to occur before fix
- Depends on hints to limit optimizer choices
 - Not a guaranteed plan when changes happen
- Can grow stale over time
 - No evolution of plans as changes happen
- Outlines – Deprecated 11g (still work)
- Profiles/Tuning Advisor – Cost \$\$\$

Why SQL Plan Management (SPM)

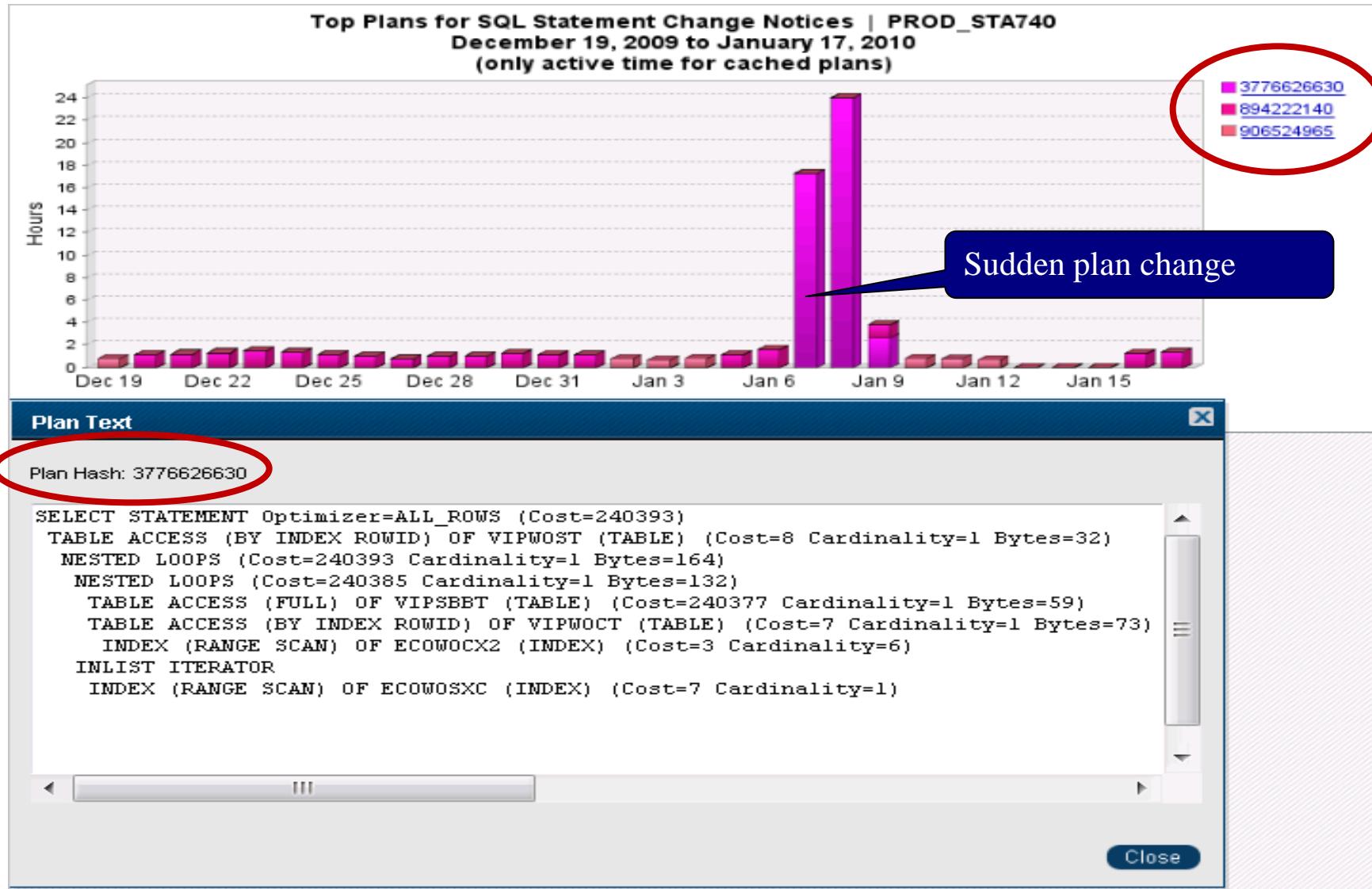


- How Oracle manages plan stability in 11g
 - Tries to prevent performance regressions resulting from sudden changes in execution plans
- Examples of unpredictable changes in plans:
 - New optimizer version
 - Changes in optimizer statistics and/or parameters
 - Changes to schema and metadata definitions
 - E.g. Dropping an index, Data growing, Statistics stale
 - Changes to system settings
- Common Uses of SPM
 - System & Data changes causing performance regressions
 - Database Upgrades & New Application Installs

Why SQL Plan Management (SPM)



Why SQL Plan Management (SPM)



How SPM Works



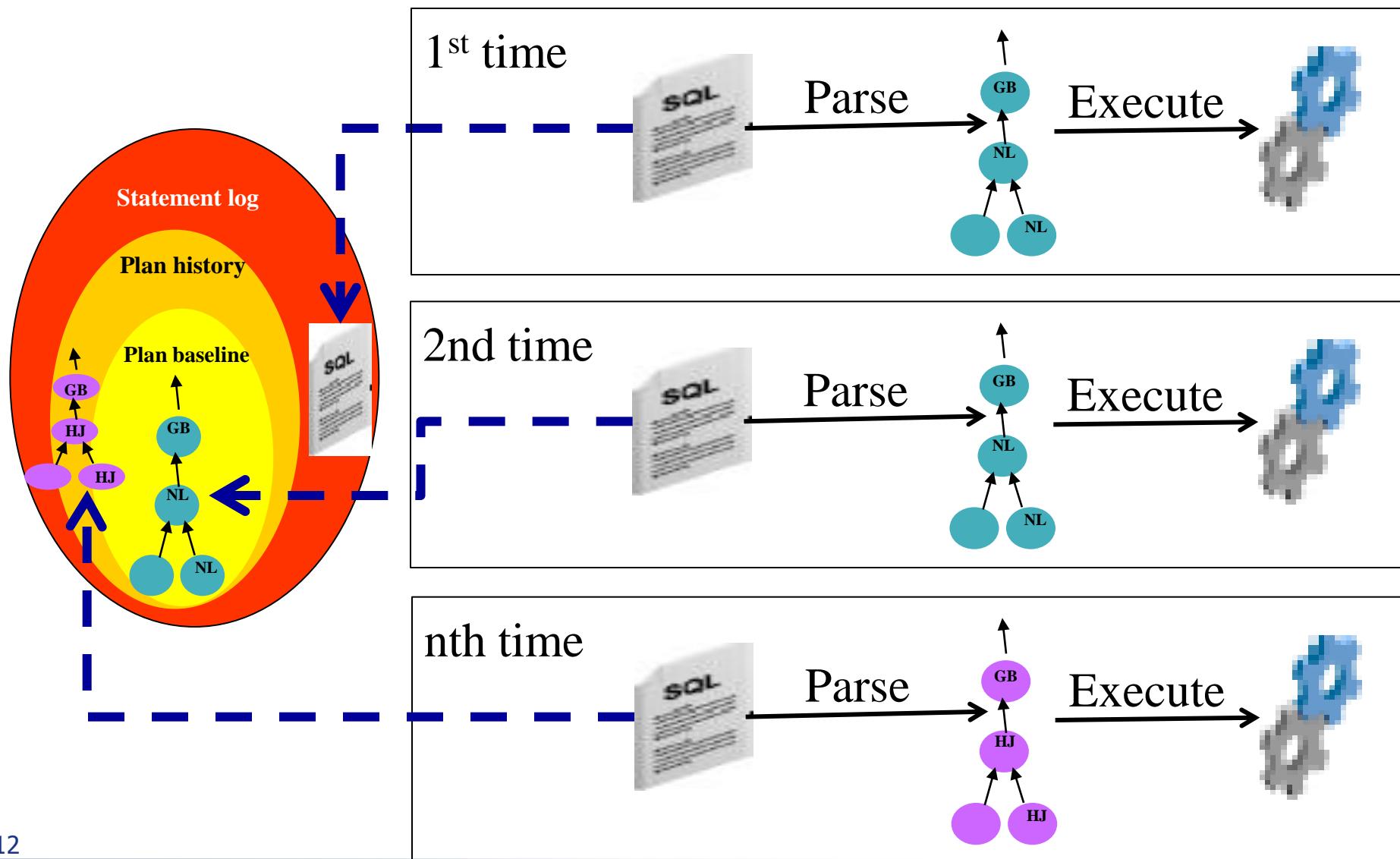
- Preventative Mechanism for Plan Stability
 - Optimizer records & evaluates execution plans over time
 - **SQL plan baselines** - a set of existing plans that are efficient
 - Baselines can evolve overtime for better performance
 - Preserves performance regardless of changes
 - DBA can verify that only comparable or better plans will be used
- To use SPM - two init.ora parameters
 - **optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines**
 - Controls auto-capture of SQL plan baselines for repeatable statements
 - Set to false by default in 11g
 - **optimizer_use_sql_plan_baselines**
 - Controls the use of existing SQL plan baselines by the optimizer
 - Set to true by default in 11g
- Manage SQL Plan Baselines with EM or dbms_spm pkg
 - Can use Tuning Advisor to automatically test / verify changes (however, extra \$\$\$)

SPM Main Components

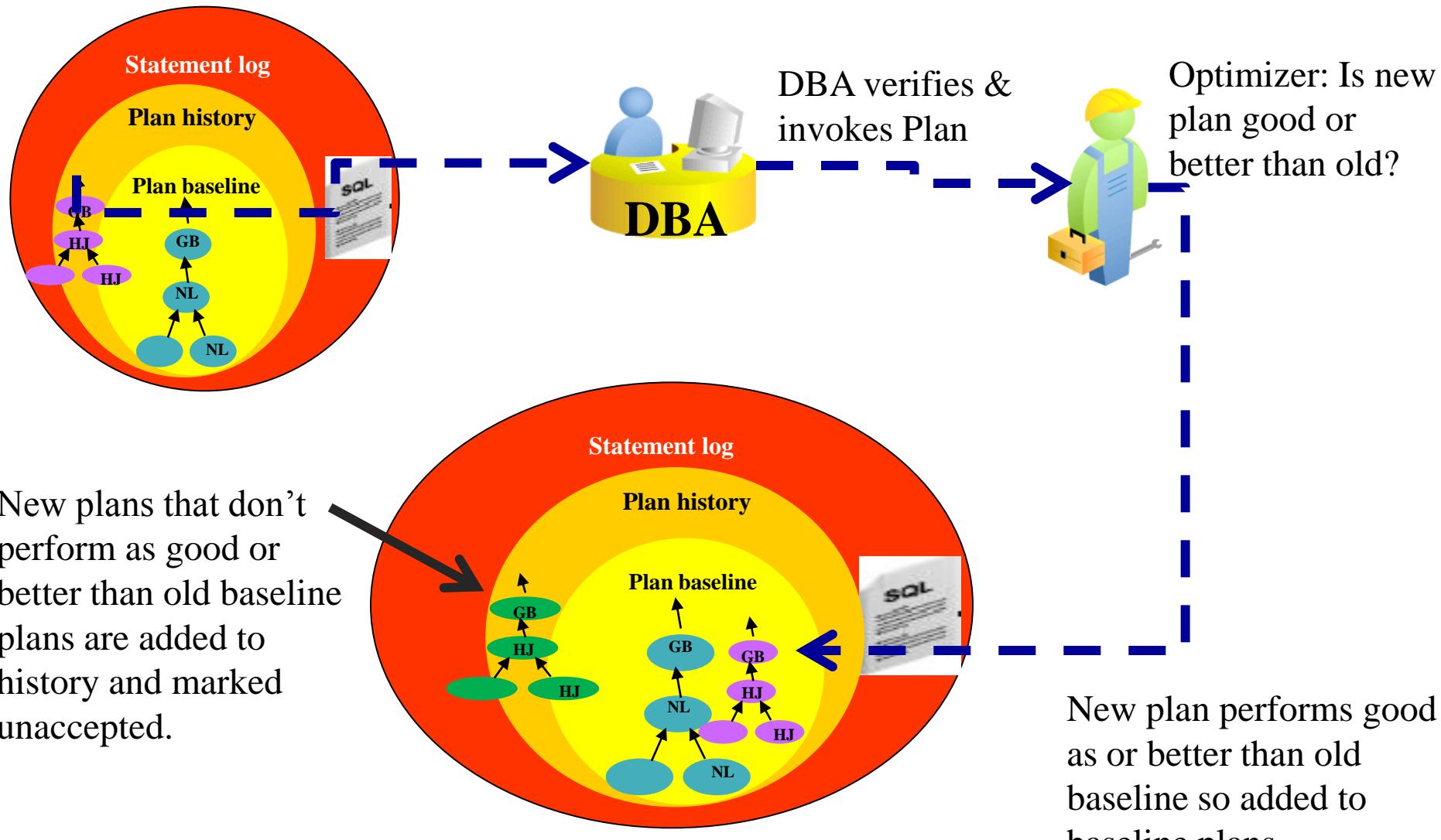


- **Baseline Capture**
 - Records historical plans for SQL statements
 - Does not record ad hoc sqls – sql has to run at least twice
 - Auto-capture
 - `alter <session/system> set optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines=TRUE;`
- **Baseline Selection**
 - Optimizer looks at stored plan history
 - Tries to prevent potential performance regressions
 - Unaccepted versus Accepted
- **Baseline Evolution**
 - Optimizer evaluates the performance of new plans
 - Integrate plans with better performance into SQL plan baselines.

How SPM Works - Visually



How SPM Works – cont.



SPM System Views & Packages



- SQL Management Base (SMB) – SYSAUX tablespace
- Stores Statement Log, Plan Histories & Plan Baselines
 - Also, contains SQL Profiles & Outlines
- Purge runs weekly
 - Disk Space Quota: default -10% of SYSAUX,
 - ranges: 1-50%
 - Plan Retention: default - 53 weeks since last used
 - ranges: 5 wks – 523 wks (10 yrs+)
- Tables & Views
 - DBA_SQL_MANAGEMENT_CONFIG
 - SMB\$CONFIG
 - DBA_SQL_PLAN_BASELINES
- Packages - DBMS_SPM & DBMS_SPM_INTERNAL

DBMS_SPM Package



- Manage one or more plans
 - LOAD_PLANS_FROM_CURSOR_CACHE
 - ALTER_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE ('fix' or 'enable')
 - EVOLVE_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE ('verify' and/or 'commit')
 - DROP_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE
- Load Baselines from Tuning Sets / Other Sources
 - LOAD_PLANS_FROM_SQLSET
 - CREATE_STGTAB_BASELINE
 - PACK_STGTAB_BASELINE (export)
 - UNPACK_STGTAB_BASELINE (import)
- SMB Configuration
 - CONFIGURE - Disk Space & Retention in SMB\$CONFIG

Example 1 – Customer Query

```
ALTER session SET optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines=TRUE;
```

```
DECLARE
```

```
    cnt NUMBER;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    FOR i IN 1..1000000 LOOP
```

```
        SELECT count(*) INTO cnt
```

```
        FROM orders a, customers b
```

```
        WHERE a.customer_id = b.customer_id;
```

```
    END LOOP;
```

```
END;
```

show parameter baselines			
NAME	TYPE	-----	VALUE
optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines	boolean		TRUE
optimizer_use_sql_plan_baselines	boolean		TRUE

Alternative to 'ALTER session':

```
SELECT sql_id, plan_hash_value from v$sql where sql_text like 'SELECT count(*)%';
```

```
VAR ret_var NUMBER
```

```
EXEC :ret_var := dbms_spm.load_plans_from_cursor_cache( SQL_ID=>'&sql_id',
    PLAN_HASH_VALUE=>&plan_hash_value, FIXED=>'&fixed', ENABLED=>'&enabled');
```

Example 1 – Review Baselines



Baselines created from logon trigger for SOE user:

```
SELECT sql_handle,
      plan_name,
      SUBSTR(sql_text,1,40) sql_text,
      enabled, accepted, fixed, optimizer_cost,
      to_char(last_executed,'dd-mon-yy HH24:MI') last_executed
FROM dba_sql_plan_baselines
WHERE creator = 'SOE'
ORDER BY 1
```

SQL_HANDLE	PLAN_NAME	SQL_TEXT	ENA	ACC	FIX	OPTIMIZER_COST
SYS_SQL_547c574c74755d78	SYS_SQL_PLAN_74755d78e1961cee	select count(*) from orders a, customers YES YES NO 19309				
SYS_SQL_9c3c4291df2a9446	SYS_SQL_PLAN_df2a9446ed88af ee	SELECT ATTRIBUTE,SCOPE,NUMERIC VALUE,CHARACTERISTICS YES YES NO 2				
SYS_SQL_e744325067d2db2f	SYS_SQL_PLAN_67d2db2fed88af ee	SELECT CHAR_VALUE FROM SYSTEM.PRODUCT_PR YES YES NO				

Example 1 – Show Plan

DBMS_XPLAN – New Baseline Function:

```
select * from  
table(dbms_xplan.display_sql_plan_baseline(sql_handle=>'&SQL_HANDLE'));
```

```
PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT  
-----  
SQL handle: SYS_SQL_547c574c74755d78  
SQL text: select count(*) from orders a, customers b where a.customer_id =  
          b.customer_id  
-----  
Plan name: SYS_SQL_PLAN_74755d78e1961cee  
Enabled: YES Fixed: NO Accepted: YES Origin: AUTO-CAPTURE  
-----  
Plan hash value: 1706270605  
-----  


| Id | Operation            | Name            | Rows  | Bytes | TempSpc | Cost (%CPU) | Time         |
|----|----------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|---------|-------------|--------------|
| 0  | SELECT STATEMENT     |                 | 1     | 12    |         | 19309       | (1) 00:03:52 |
| 1  | SORT AGGREGATE       |                 | 1     | 12    |         |             |              |
| *  | HASH JOIN            |                 | 5707K | 65M   | 81M     | 19309       | (1) 00:03:52 |
| 3  | INDEX FAST FULL SCAN | CUSTOMERS_PK    | 4750K | 27M   |         | 4653        | (1) 00:00:56 |
| 4  | INDEX FAST FULL SCAN | ORD_CUSTOMER_IX | 5707K | 32M   |         | 5700        | (1) 00:01:09 |

  
Predicate Information (identified by operation id):  
-----  
2 - access("A"."CUSTOMER_ID"="B"."CUSTOMER_ID")
```

Example 1 – Manage Baselines



DROP INDEX ORD_CUSTOMER_IX; -- run query several more times

```
SELECT sql_handle, plan_name, ..., enabled, accepted, fixed, etc...
FROM dba_sql_plan_baselines
where sql_handle = 'SYS_SQL_547c574c74755d78';
```

SQL_HANDLE	PLAN_NAME	SQL_TEXT	ENA	ACC	FIX	OPTIMIZER_COST
SYS_SQL_547c574c74755d78	SYS_SQL_PLAN_74755d78e1961cee	select count(*) from orders a, customers	YES	YES	NO	19309
SYS_SQL_547c574c74755d78	SYS_SQL_PLAN_74755d785409a514	select count(*) from orders a, customers	YES	NO	NO	25440

```
VAR ret_var CLOB
EXEC :ret_var := dbms_spm.evolve_sql_plan_baseline( -
SQL_HANDLE=>'&sql_handle', PLAN_NAME=>'&plan_name', -
VERIFY=>'&verify', -
COMMIT=>'&commit');
```

SQL_HANDLE	PLAN_NAME	SQL_TEXT	ENA	ACC	FIX	OPTIMIZER_COST
SYS_SQL_547c574c74755d78	SYS_SQL_PLAN_74755d78e1961cee	select count(*) from orders a, customers	YES	YES	NO	19309
SYS_SQL_547c574c74755d78	SYS_SQL_PLAN_74755d785409a514	select count(*) from orders a, customers	YES	YES	NO	25440

Example 1 – Manage Baselines



```
select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_sql_plan_baseline( -  
    sql_handle=>'SYS_SQL_547c574c74755d78', -  
    plan_name=>'SYS_SQL_PLAN_74755d785409a514'))
```

PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT

```
SQL handle: SYS_SQL_547c574c74755d78  
SQL text: select count(*) from orders a, customers b where a.customer_id =  
          b.customer_id
```

Plan name: SYS_SQL_PLAN_74755d785409a514
Enabled: YES Fixed: NO Accepted: YES Origin: AUTO-CAPTURE

Plan hash value: 2049750053

#	Id	Operation	Name	Rows	Bytes	TempSpc	Cost	%CPU	Time
	0	SELECT STATEMENT		1	12		25499	<1>	00:05:06
*	1	SORT AGGREGATE		1	12				
*	2	HASH JOIN		5734K	65M	81M	25499	<1>	00:05:06
	3	INDEX FAST FULL SCAN	CUSTOMERS_PK	4750K	27M		4653	<1>	00:00:56
	4	TABLE ACCESS FULL	ORDERS	5734K	32M		11866	<1>	00:02:23

Predicate Information (identified by operation id):

```
2 - access("A"."CUSTOMER_ID"="B"."CUSTOMER_ID")
```

Example 1 – Fixed Baselines

'FIX' the baseline so that it does NOT evolve over time
(A fixed plan takes precedence over a non-fixed plan)

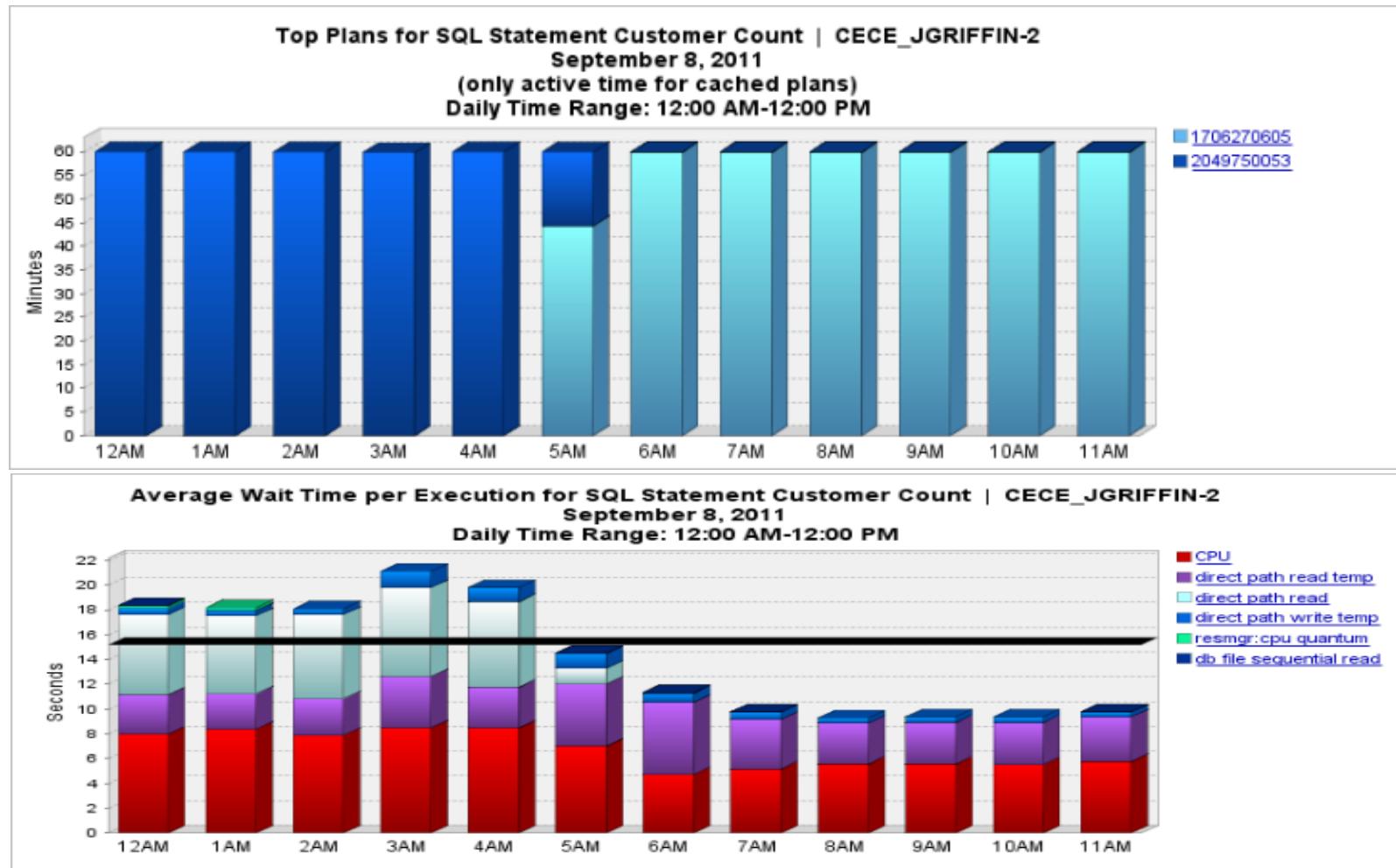
```
VAR ret_var NUMBER
EXEC :ret_var := dbms_spm.alter_sql_plan_baseline( -
SQL_HANDLE=>'&sql_handle', PLAN_NAME=>'&plan_name', -
ATTRIBUTE_NAME=>'&fixed_or_enabled', -
ATTRIBUTE_VALUE=>'&yes_or_no');
```

‘5409a514’
‘FIXED’
‘YES’

SQL_HANDLE	PLAN_NAME	SQL_TEXT	ENA	ACC	FIX	OPTIMIZER_COST
SYS_SQL_547c574c74755d78	SYS_SQL_PLAN_74755d78e1961cee	select count(*) from orders a, customers b	YES	YES	NO	19309
SYS_SQL_547c574c74755d78	SYS_SQL_PLAN_74755d785409a514	select count(*) from orders a, customers b	YES	YES	YES	25440

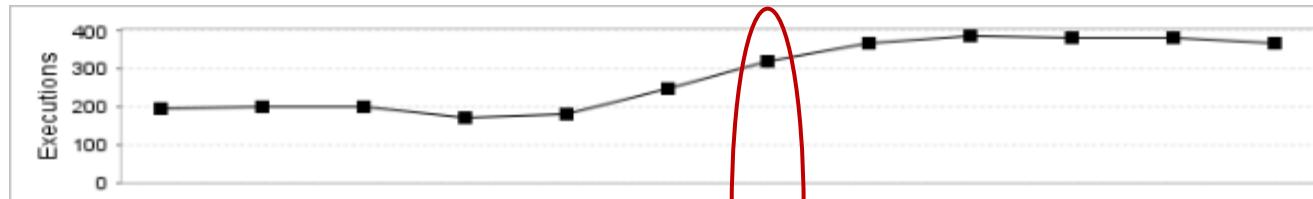
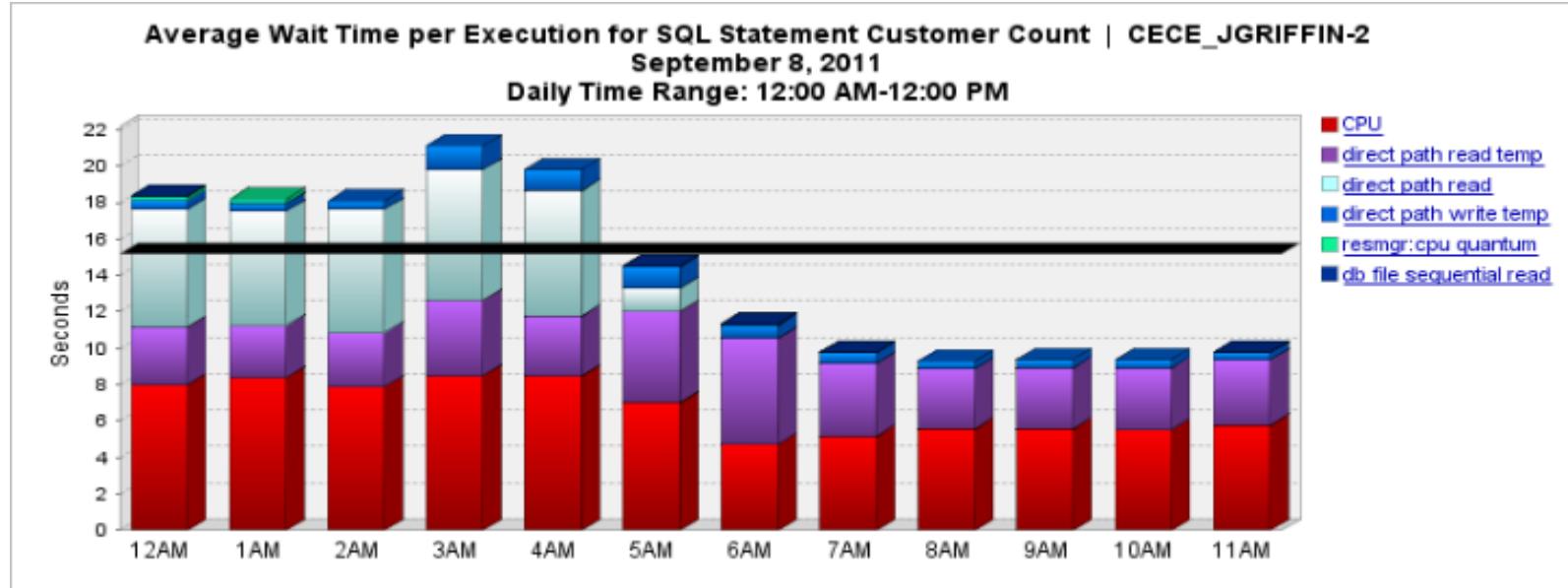
Example 1 – Performance Plans

Fixed Bad Baseline:

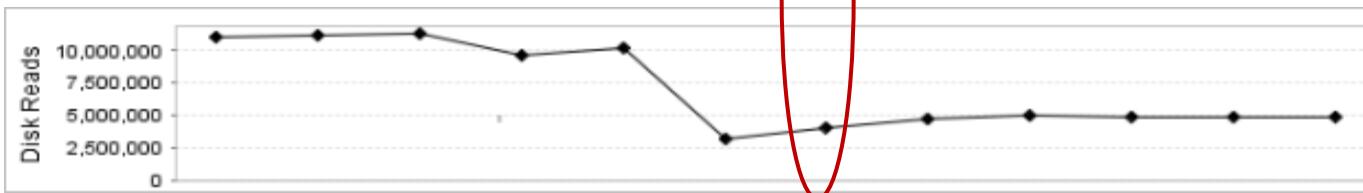


Example 1 - Performance

Disabled Bad Baseline:



Almost double
the executions in
half the time.



Approximately, 1/3
less disk reads.

Reporting on Evolving Plans



```
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON LONG 10000
```

```
DECLARE rpt clob;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
rpt := DBMS_SPM.EVOLVE_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE( -
```

```
    sql_handle =>'&sql_handle', -
    plan_name=>'&plan_name', -
    verify=>'&verify', -
    commit =>'&commit');
```

```
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(rpt);
```

```
END;
```

Evolve SQL Plan Baseline Report					
Inputs:					
<pre>SQL_HANDLE = SYS_SQL_97036e1ea811e28c PLAN_NAME = SYS_SQL_PLAN_a811e28c5c25116f TIME_LIMIT = DBMS_SPM.AUTO_LIMIT VERIFY = yes COMMIT = no</pre>					
Plan:	SYS_SQL_PLAN_a811e28c5c25116f				
<pre>Plan was verified: Time used .187 seconds. Failed performance criterion: Compound improvement ratio < .67</pre>					
Baseline Plan	Test Plan	Improv. Ratio			
Execution Status:	COMPLETE	COMPLETE			
Rows Processed:	14	14			
Elapsed Time(ms):	18	120			
CPU Time(ms):	31	46			
Buffer Gets:	2509	11064			
Disk Reads:	0	37			
Direct Writes:	0	0			
Fetches:	0	12			
Executions:	1	1			
Report					
Summary					
<pre>Number of SQL plan baselines verified: 1. Number of SQL plan baselines evolved: 0.</pre>					

Bug – Verifying Plans

Evolve SQL Plan Baseline Report		
Inputs:		
SQL_HANDLE	=	
PLAN_NAME	=	
TIME_LIMIT	=	DBMS_SPM.AUTO_LIMIT
VERIFY	=	YES
COMMIT	=	NO
Plan: SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e13070fd4bf		
Plan was verified: Time used .858 seconds.		
Plan verification encountered an error (ORA-1008).		
ORA-01008: not all variables boun		
Baseline Plan	Test Plan	Improv. Ratio
Execution Status:	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
Rows Processed:	0	0
Elapsed Time(ms):	0	0
CPU Time(ms):	0	0
Buffer Gets:	0	0
Disk Reads:	0	0
Direct Writes:	0	0
Fetches:	0	0
Executions:	0	0

- Bug 9913823: ORA-1008 WITH DBMS_SPM.EVOLVE_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE
- Queries using Bind Variables - Fixed in 11.2.0.2.0
- Workaround – set undocumented parameter to value between 400 (default) & 3999
 - alter system set "_cursor_bind_capture_area_size" = 3350;
- Need to remove captured baselines so Optimizer will capture the bind variables again

Removing Baselines



```
declare
  stmt varchar2(4000);
cursor get_base is select sql_handle, plan_name from dba_sql_plan_baselines;
begin
for get_rec in get_base loop
  stmt := DBMS_SPM.DROP_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE
    (get_rec.sql_handle,get_rec.plan_name);
end loop;
end;
```

```
declare
  stmt varchar2(4000);
begin
  stmt := DBMS_SPM.DROP_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE ('&sql_handle','&plan_name');
end;
```

Example 2 – Product Query



```
SELECT products.product_id, product_name,
       product_description, category_id, weight_class,
       warranty_period, supplier_id, product_status,
       list_price, min_price, catalog_url, quantity_on_hand
  FROM products, inventories
 WHERE products.category_id = :b3
   AND inventories.product_id = products.product_id
   AND inventories.warehouse_id = :b2
   AND rownum < :b1
```

SQL_HANDLE	PLAN_NAME	SQL_TEXT	ENQ	ACC	FIX	OPT_COST	LAST_EXECUTED
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e132c1c9d7b	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	YES	NO	940	09-sep-11 20:21
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e134d8f3521	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	NO	NO	18	
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e1357bbcbe2	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	NO	NO	25	

```
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON LONG 10000
DECLARE rpt clob;
BEGIN
  rpt := DBMS_SPM.EVOLVE_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE(
    sql_handle => 'SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13', verify=>'YES', commit =>'NO');
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(rpt);
END;
```

Example 2 – Baseline / Evolve

SQL_HANDLE	PLAN_NAME	SQL_TEXT	ENA	ACC	FIX	OPT_COST	LAST_EXECUTED
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e132c1c9d7b	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	YES	NO	940	09-sep-11 20:21
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e134d8f3521	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	NO	NO	18	
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e1357bbcbf2	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	NO	NO	25	

Evolve SQL Plan Baseline Report

Inputs:

```
SQL_HANDLE = SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13
PLAN_NAME = 
TIME_LIMIT = DBMS_SPM.AUTO_LIMIT
VERIFY = YES
COMMIT = NO
```

Plan: SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e134d8f3521

Plan was verified: Time used .031 seconds.
Failed performance criterion: Compound improvement ratio < 1

Baseline Plan	Test Plan	Improv. Ratio
Execution Status: COMPLETE	COMPLETE	
Rows Processed: 5	5	
Elapsed Time(ms): 5	0	
CPU Time(ms): 15	0	
Buffer Gets: 1037	1037	1
Disk Reads: 0	0	
Direct Writes: 0	0	
Fetches: 0	0	
Executions: 1	1	

Plan: SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e1357bbcbf2

Plan was verified: Time used .047 seconds.
Failed performance criterion: Compound improvement ratio < 1

Baseline Plan	Test Plan	Improv. Ratio
Execution Status: COMPLETE	COMPLETE	
Rows Processed: 3	3	
Elapsed Time(ms): 0	0	
CPU Time(ms): 15	0	
Buffer Gets: 1035	1035	1
Disk Reads: 0	0	
Direct Writes: 0	0	
Fetches: 0	0	
Executions: 1	1	

Report Summary

Number of SQL plan baselines verified: 2.
Number of SQL plan baselines evolved: 0.

Example 2 – High Cost

SQL_HANDLE	PLAN_NAME	SQL_TEXT	ENA	ACC	FIX	OPT_COST	LAST_EXECUTED
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e132c1c9d7b	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	YES	NO	940	09-sep-11 20:21
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e134d8f3521	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	NO	NO	18	
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e1357bbcbf2	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	NO	NO	25	

```
select * from
table(dbms_xplan.display_sql_plan_baseline(sql_handle=>'SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13',plan_name=>'SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e132c1c9d7b'))
```

Plan name: SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e132c1c9d7b													
Enabled: YES		Fixed: NO		Accepted: YES		Origin: AUTO-CAPTURE							
Plan hash value: 750880835													
<hr/>													
Id	Operation	Name	Rows	Bytes	Cost (%CPU)								
0	SELECT STATEMENT		107	340K	29	(4)							
* 1	COUNT STOPKEY		107	340K	29	(4)							
* 2	HASH JOIN		49	154K	24	(5)							
* 3	HASH JOIN OUTER		49	56497	5	(0)							
4	TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID	PRODUCT_INFORMATION	20	99K	1	(0)							
* 5	INDEX RANGE SCAN	PROD_CATEGORY_IX	49	99K	18	(0)							
* 6	TABLE ACCESS FULL	PRODUCT_DESCRIPTIONS	8982	342K	5	(0)							
7	TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID	INVENTORIES	3593	342K	1	(0)							
* 8	INDEX RANGE SCAN	INVENTORIES_IX1											
<hr/>													
Predicate Information (identified by operation id):													
<hr/>													
1	- filter(TO_NUMBER(:B1))												
2	- access("INVENTORIES"."PRODUCT_ID"="I"."PRODUCT_ID")												
3	- access("D"."PRODUCT_ID"(+)="I"."PRODUCT_ID")												
5	- access("I"."CATEGORY_ID"=TO_NUMBER(:B3))												
6	- filter("D"."LANGUAGE_ID"(+)=SYS_CONTEXT('USERENV','LANG'))												
8	- access("INVENTORIES"."WAREHOUSE_ID"=TO_NUMBER(:B2))												

Example 2 – Better Plan?

SQL_HANDLE	PLAN_NAME	SQL_TEXT	ENA	ACC	FIX	OPT_COST	LAST_EXECUTED
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e132c1c9d7b	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	YES	NO	940	09-sep-11 20:21
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e134d8f3521	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	NO	NO	18	
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e1357bbcbf2	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	NO	NO	25	

```
select * from
table(dbms_xplan.display_sql_plan_baseline(sql_handle=>'SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13',plan_name=>'SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e134d8f3521'))
```

Plan name: SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e134d8f3521													
Enabled: YES		Fixed: NO		Accepted: NO		Origin: AUTO-CAPTURE							
PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT													
Plan hash value: 1569745754													
Id	Operation	Name	Rows	Bytes	Cost								
0	SELECT STATEMENT		107	340K	18								
*	COUNT STOPKEY		107	340K	18								
*	HASH JOIN OUTER		107	124K	5								
*	HASH JOIN		49	56497	2								
4	TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID	PRODUCT_INFORMATION	20	342K	1								
*	INDEX RANGE SCAN	PROD_CATEGORY_IX	8982	342K	2								
6	TABLE ACCESS BY INDEX ROWID	INVENTORIES	3593	99K	1								
*	INDEX RANGE SCAN	INVENTORIES_IX1	49	99K	11								
*	TABLE ACCESS FULL	PRODUCT_DESCRIPTIONS											
Predicate Information (identified by operation id):													
1	- filter(CROWNUM<TO_NUMBER(:B1)>												
2	- access("D"."PRODUCT_ID"<+>="I"."PRODUCT_ID")												
3	- access("INVENTORIES"."PRODUCT_ID"="I"."PRODUCT_ID")												
5	- access("I"."CATEGORY_ID"=TO_NUMBER(:B3))												
7	- access("INVENTORIES"."WAREHOUSE_ID"=TO_NUMBER(:B2))												
8	- filter("D"."LANGUAGE_ID"<+>=SYS_CONTEXT('USERENV','LANG'))												

Example 2 – Force Plan

- Force Evolution of new baseline

```
SET SERVEROUTPUT ONLONG 10000
```

```
DECLARE rpt clob;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
rpt := DBMS_SPM.EVOLVE_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE( -
```

```
    sql_handle=>'SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13', plan_name=>'SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e134d8f3521', -  
    verify=>'NO', commit=>'YES');
```

```
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(rpt);
```

```
END;
```

- Disable Old Plan

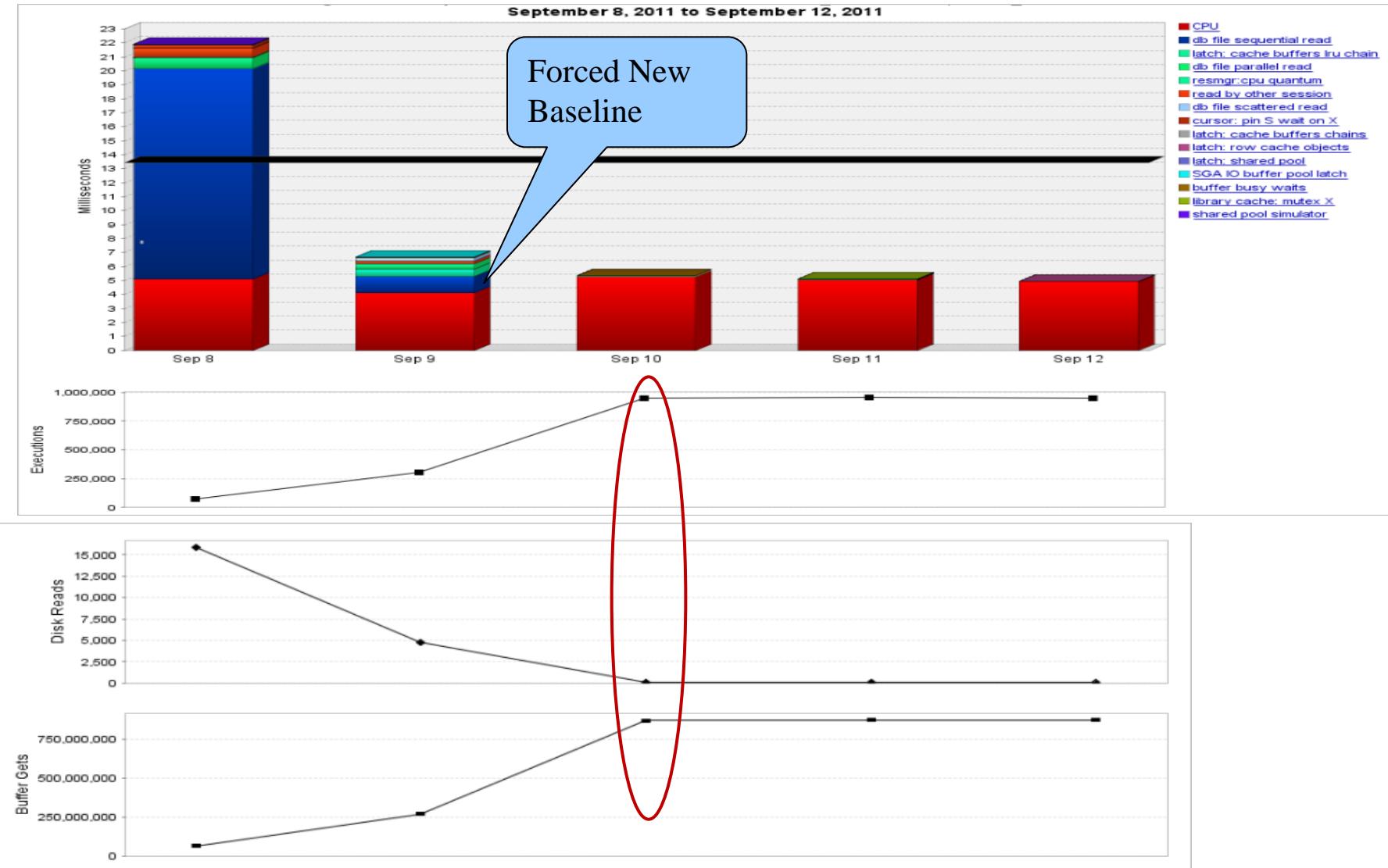
```
var ret number
```

```
exec :ret := DBMS_SPM.ALTER_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE( -
```

```
    sql_handle=>'SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13', -  
    plan_name=>'SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e132c1c9d7b', -  
    attribute_name=>'ENABLED', -  
    attribute_value=>'NO');
```

SQL_HANDLE	PLAN_NAME	SQL_TEXT	ENQ	ACC	FIX	OPTIMIZER_COST
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e132c1c9d7b	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	NO	YES	NO	940
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e134d8f3521	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	YES	NO	18
SYS_SQL_fdf0214a24814e13	SYS_SQL_PLAN_24814e1357bbcbf2	SELECT PRODUCTS.PROD	YES	NO	NO	25

Example 2 – Better Performance



SPM Management - OEM



ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11g Database Control

Setup Preferences Help Logout **Database** Logged in As SYS

Database Instance: cece

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- [Tablespaces](#)
- [Temporary Tablespace Groups](#)
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- [Rollback Segments](#)
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Statistics Management

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Query Optimizer

- [Manage Optimizer Statistics](#)
- [SQL Plan Control](#)
- [SQL Tuning Sets](#)

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- [Notification Schedule](#)
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- [Initialization Parameters](#)
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Security

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SPM Management - OEM



ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11g Database Control

Database Instance: cece > SQL Plan Control

Setup Preferences Help Logout Database

Logged in As SYS

SQL Profile SQL Patch SQL Plan Baseline Refresh

A SQL Plan Baseline is an execution plan deemed to have acceptable performance for a given SQL statement.

Settings

Capture SQL Plan Baselines **TRUE**
Use SQL Plan Baselines **TRUE**
Plan Retention(Weeks) **53** Configure

Jobs for SQL Plan Baselines

Pending	Completed
Load Jobs	

Search

SQL Text %PRODUCT% Go

By default, the search returns all uppercase matches beginning with the string you entered. To run an exact or case-sensitive match, double quote the search string. You can use the wildcard symbol (%) in a double quoted string.

Load Unpack

Enable Disable Drop Evolve Pack Fixed - Yes Go

Select All | Select None

Select	Name ▲	SQL Text	Enabled	Accepted	Fixed	Auto Purge	Created	Last Modified
<input type="checkbox"/>	SYS_SQL_PLAN_149ab2703c4d13fa	SELECT QUANTITY_ON_HAND FROM PRODUCT_INFORMATION P...	YES	NO	NO	YES	Dec 11, 2012 8:20:41 PM	Dec 11, 2012 8:20:41 PM
<input type="checkbox"/>	SYS_SQL_PLAN_149ab2709bb742cb	SELECT QUANTITY_ON_HAND FROM PRODUCT_INFORMATION P...	YES	YES	NO	YES	Dec 11, 2012 7:44:51 PM	Dec 11, 2012 7:44:51 PM
<input type="checkbox"/>	SYS_SQL_PLAN_149ab270d62fd568	SELECT QUANTITY_ON_HAND FROM PRODUCT_INFORMATION P...	YES	NO	NO	YES	Dec 11, 2012 8:20:17 PM	Dec 11, 2012 8:20:17 PM

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ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11g

Database Control

Database Instance: cece > Logged in As SYS

SQL Plan Control

Evolve SQL Plan Baselines

Plans that have not yet been accepted can be evolved (verified) to confirm they are suitable plan baselines.

Name	SQL Text
SYS_SQL_PLAN_149ab270d62fd568	SELECT QUANTITY_ON_HAND FROM PRODUCT_INFORMATION P...

Verify Performance Yes No

Time Limit Auto Unlimited Specify 1 (minutes)

Action Report and Accept Report only

[Cancel](#) [OK](#)

[Database](#) | [Setup](#) | [Preferences](#) | [Help](#) | [Logout](#)

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ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11g
Database Control

Database Instance: cece >
SQL Plan Control

Evolve SQL Plan Baseline Report

Inputs:

```
-----  
PLAN_LIST = SYS_SQL_PLAN_a811e28caa13ba2b  
TIME_LIMIT = DBMS_SPM.AUTO_LIMIT  
VERIFY      = YES  
COMMIT      = YES
```

Plan: SYS_SQL_PLAN_a811e28caa13ba2b

```
-----  
Plan was not verified.  
Plan was found to be same as the baseline plan.  
Plan was changed to an accepted plan.
```

Report Summary

```
Number of SQL plan baselines verified: 0.  
Number of SQL plan baselines evolved: 1.
```

Summary

- SPM improves Plan Stability using baselines
 - Reduces performance regression
 - By choosing only better plans when things change
- Allows the optimizer to capture, select and evolve the better plans overtime
 - Automatically, via Tuning Packs
 - Or, DBA controlled, via DBMS_SPM
- Optimizer takes a very conservative approach when evolving plan.
 - Still requires DBA intervention

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