

SQL Plan Stability – Post 11g Upgrade at Verizon Wireless

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Preupgrade

Issues faced after Database upgrade

Lessons learned

Q & A

- ✓ #1 wireless carrier with largest 3G network in the U.S.
- ✓ Most reliable wireless voice and data network in the U.S.
 - ✓ 104 million customers
- ✓ 87,000 employees
- ✓ More than 2,000 retail stores & kiosks
- ✓ Joint venture of Verizon Communications (NYSE: VZ) + Vodafone (NYSE: VOD)

Sql Plan stability

- Stored outlines to preserve execution plans
DBMS_OUTLN.CREATE_OUTLINE
- Locking of statistics
- Using hints
- sql profiles

Issues

- Both stored outline and sql profile depend on the Hints
- Optimizer still can come up with different plan
- Licensing requirement for using sql profiles
- No new plans is used – potential better plans ignored
- Outlines take precedence over SQL Profiles

Sql plan Management – SPM

- First execution of any sql's execution plan is treated as optimal and executed
- SPM keeps track of this first executed sql by adding it to the sql log
- Sql log is compared during the second execution of the same sql
- If it is same, plan is added to the plan history
- Sql is executed and then it is added to the sql plan baseline as accepted plan
- Any future new plans for the same sql statement is added to the plan history as non-accepted plan
- For sql's with baseline, only accepted plan get executed
- SPM stores all new plans in the sql management base (SMB)
- It is possible that one of these new plans can become better plan in the future

SQL Plan Baselines

- Maintains history of plans for individual SQL statements
- Plan history is maintained only for repeatable SQL statements
- Default uses 10% of SYSAUX

Automatic plan capture

- `OPTIMIZER_CAPTURE_SQL_PLAN_BASELINES=TRUE`

Manual plan capture

- Loading of plans from SQL Tuning Sets and AWR Snapshots
- Loading of Plans from the Cursor Cache

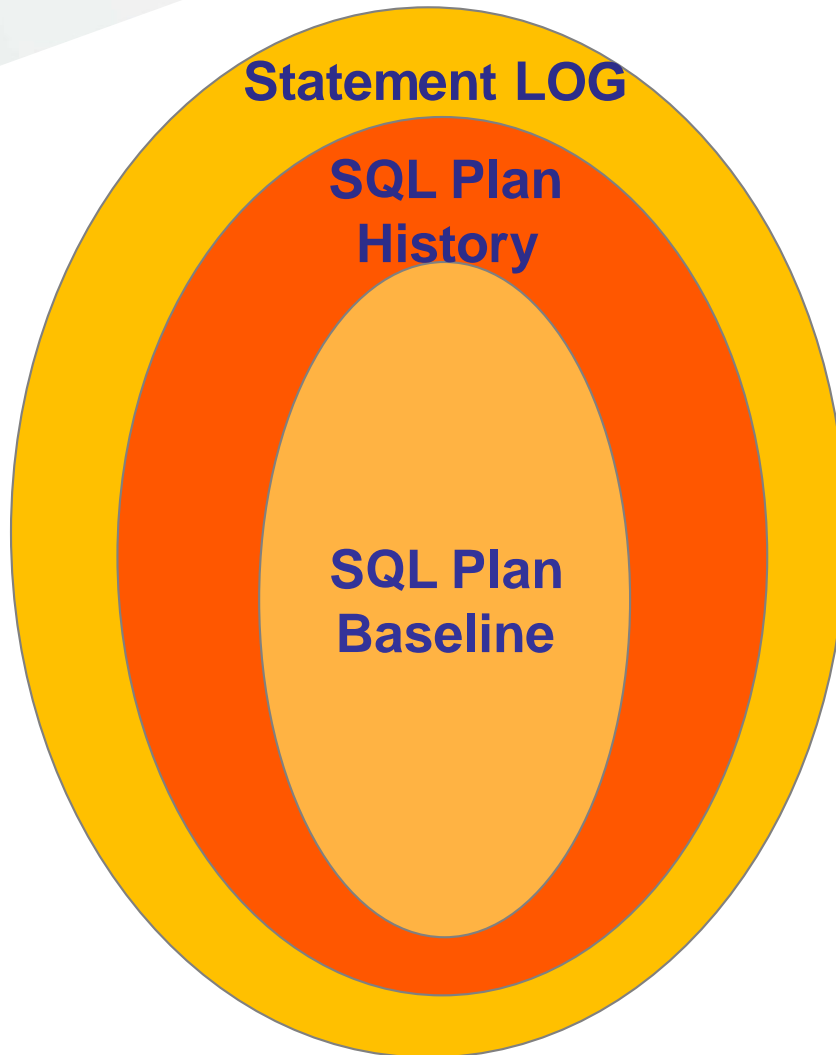
Selecting SQL Plan Baselines

- optimizer comes up with a plan
- Checks if the plan is already available and accepted in Baseline
- New non accepted plan is added to plan history if not found in baseline
- change in the system (such as a dropped index) causes all accepted plans to become non-reproducible

Evolving SQL Plan Baselines

- Evolving Plans With Manual Plan Loading (STS , Cursor cache)
- Evolving Plans With `DBMS_SPM.EVOLVE_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE`
- Evaluate **an** unverified execution plan for a given statement in the plan history to become either accepted or unaccepted.

SMB



- SMB is part of the data dictionary
- SMB stores the SQL plan baselines and plan history in the SYSAUX tablespace.
- The SMB also contains SQL profiles

- By default SMB uses 10% of sysaux space
- By default SMB stores the plans for 53 weeks

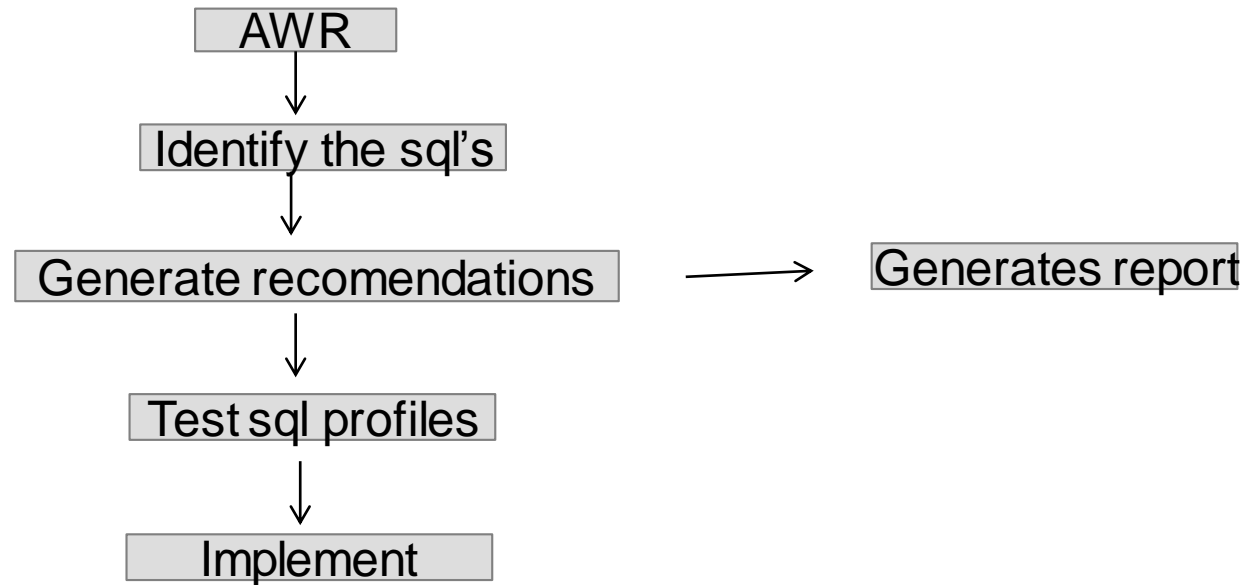
```
SQL> Select * from dba_sql_management_config;
```

<u>parameter name</u>	<u>parameter value</u>	<u>last modified</u>	<u>modified by</u>
space_budget_percent	10		
Plan_retention_weeks	53		

- Alert log is written when there is a space issue.
- Space % can be modified using

```
begin
    dbms_spm.configure('space_budget_percent',25);
end;
```


SQL Plan Baselines with SQL Tuning Advisor



- Identifies the sql candidates from AWR
- Tests the sql profile by executing the sql statement
- if `ACCEPT_SQL_PROFILES=TRUE` and performance improves three folds than the profile is accepted
- If SPB exists than a new plan is added
- This enables to use the new plan immediately

Evolution of New Plans

- Dba invokes the dbms verify plan (exec dbms_spm.evolve_sql_plan_baselines)
- Optimizer verifies if the new plan can perform better than other baseline plans
- If it is, than the new plan is accepted
- If not it remains in the plan history.

SPM - Plan Selection Process

The optimizer selects a SQL plan baseline based on:

- A plan must be ENABLED
- A plan must be ACCEPTED
- A plan *can be FIXED*
- FIXED plans have precedence

SQL_HANDLE	PLAN_NAME	ORIGIN	ENA	ACC	FIX	AUT
SQL_0014cb1fa90d6612	SQL_PLAN_0056b3ynhuthka1376729	AUTO-CAPTURE	YES	YES	NO	YES
SQL_006478a4387ff2b0	SQL_PLAN_00t3snhw7zwpha26aeb8a	AUTO-CAPTURE	YES	YES	NO	YES

In case of multiple choices:

- A SQL profile will be taken into account when available
- The optimizer environment is taken into account
- The costs are taken into account

Note: a stored outline takes precedence over a SQL plan baseline

Capture sql plans before upgrade

- Create a SQL Tuning Set on the current release
- Upgrade to the new release
- Load plans from the SQL Tuning Set into the SMB

Capture current plans after upgrade

- Upgrade database to 11g
- Set OPTIMIZER_FEATURES_ENABLE to the old release
- Turn on the capture. optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines = TRUE
- All the sql's will execute as it was in the previous release.
- All the plans captured will be same as previous release
- Set OPTIMIZER_FEATURES_ENABLE to the new release

Migrate existing Stored Outlines to SQL Plan Baselines

- DBMS_SPM.MIGRATE_STORED_OUTLINE

Pre Upgrade Tasks

How to create SQL tuning set

```
BEGIN dbms_sqltune.create_sqlset(sqlset_name =>
'MCS_10G_03052011', description =>'10g STS Before Upgrade',
sqlset_owner =>'DORAISR'); END;
```

How to capture SQL plans in Tuning set (capture every 5 minutes for 1 complete day)

```
Begin DBMS_SCHEDULER.CREATE_JOB(job_name =>
'CREATE_STS_Mcs', job_type => 'PLSQL_BLOCK', job_action =>
'DECLARE bf VARCHAR2(61); BEGIN bf :=
q"#UPPER(PARSING_SCHEMA_NAME) NOT IN ("SYS", "SYSTEM")
#";dbms_sqltune.capture_cursor_cache_sqlset(sqlset_name=>"
MCS_10G_03052011 ", time_limit=>"86400", repeat_interval=>"300",
basic_filter=>bf, sqlset_owner=>"DORAISR"); END;', enabled =>
TRUE); End;
```

- **Store Tuning Set data into staging table**

```
exec DBMS_SQLTUNE.create_stgtab_sqlset(table_name =>  
    'STS_10G',schema_name => 'DORAISR');
```

```
exec DBMS_SQLTUNE.PACK_STGTAB_SQLSET  
    (sqlset_name=>'MCS_10G_03052011',  
     sqlset_owner=>'DORAISR',staging_table_name=>'STS_10G',  
     staging_schema_owner=>'DORAISR');
```

- **Verify data in staging table**

```
SELECT SQL_ID, PARSING_SCHEMA_NAME, ELAPSED_TIME,  
       CPU_TIME, ROWS_PROCESSED, EXECUTIONS FROM STS_10G  
ORDER BY 3;
```

Capture 10G SQL Plans

```
create table SQL_PLANS_BEFORE_11G as
select sysdate, a.*, indi from sys.GV_$SQL_PLAN a ,dual where a.sql_id in(
SELECT distinct sql_id FROM sys.gv_$sql WHERE executions > 0
AND (elapsed_time / 1000) / (DECODE (executions, 0, 1, executions)) > 1
AND parsing_schema_name in
('Schema_name'));
```


Capture SQLs by Elapsed Time before upgrade



```
CREATE TABLE sql_perf_data_before_11g
( ts, parsing_schema_name, inst_id, executions, bufgets, diskreads,
  elapsedtime, cputime,
  cluster_wait_time, rows_processed, sql_id, sqltext, INDICATOR)
AS SELECT SYSDATE, parsing_schema_name, inst_id, executions,
  buffer_gets / executions, disk_reads / executions,
  elapsed_time / 1000 / executions,
  cpu_time / 1000 / executions, cluster_wait_time / 1000 / executions,
  rows_processed / executions,
  sql_id, DBMS_LOB.SUBSTR (sql_fulltext, 4000, 1), 'Ora_10g'
FROM gv$sql
WHERE executions > 0
AND parsing_schema_name not IN ('SYS','SYSTEM','DBSNMP')
AND (elapsed_time / 1000) / (DECODE (executions, 0, 1, executions)) > 0;
```

Post Upgrade Tasks

Parameters for SQL Plan Baseline

Parameters

- optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines
 - To capture SPM (**False by Default**)
- optimizer_use_sql_plan_baselines
 - To use by SPM (**True by Default**)

Loading of plans into Base lines

- **Do you want to load ALL plans after the upgrade?**
If performance is good after the upgrade to 11g don't load all plans. Load only the plans for the sql's that is performing bad.

- **Loading all the plans from STS**

Execution plans can be bulk loaded from an STS into SPM using the PL/SQL procedure

DBMS_SPM.LOAD_PLANS_FROM_SQLSET or through Oracle Enterprise Manager (EM).

SQL> Variable cnt number

```
execute :cnt := DBMS_SPM.LOAD_PLANS_FROM_SQLSET(  
    sqlset_name => ' MCS_10G_03052011 ');
```

Capture SQL Plans – After upgrade



```
create table SQL_PLANS_AFTER_11G as
select sysdate, a.*, indi from sys.GV_$SQL_PLAN a ,dual where a.sql_id
in(
  SELECT distinct sql_id FROM sys.gv_$sql WHERE executions > 0
  AND (elapsed_time / 1000) / (DECODE (executions, 0, 1, executions)) > 1
  AND parsing_schema_name in ('Schema_name'));
```

Comparing SQL – pre and post upgrade

```
SELECT --pre
  pre.PARSING_SCHEMA_NAME who, pre.inst_id Inst_id, pre.SQL_ID sql_id,
pre.EXECUTIONS preexec,
pre.DISKREADS preDisk,
pre.BUFGETS preBuff_gets, pre.ROWS_PROCESSED "preROWS", pre.CPUTIME preCPU,
-- Diff
round(pre.ELAPSEDTIME/1000,2) Pre_ELA_TIME,
round((POST.ELAPSEDTIME/1000-pre.ELAPSEDTIME/1000),2) "Elap Time Diff",
round( ( ( POST.ELAPSEDTIME-pre.ELAPSEDTIME) / (pre.ELAPSEDTIME) )/1000 ) * 100 , 2)
"% Diff",
round(post.ELAPSEDTIME/1000,2) Post_elapsed_time,
-- Post
post.EXECUTIONS postexec, post.DISKREADS postdisk, post.BUFGETS postbuff_gets,
post.ROWS_PROCESSED postrows,
post.CPUTIME postcpu
FROM sql_perf_data_before_11g pre, sql_perf_data_after_11g post
WHERE
pre.sql_id = post.sql_id
and post.executions > 1
and pre.inst_id=post.inst_id
and pre.sql_id in ('gn7t6kvt2409g')
order by 10 desc
```

Identify performance problem by SQL_ID

sql_perf_data_ **before** _11g pre,
sql_perf_data_ **after** _11g post

SQL_ID	PREE XEC	PR ED IS K	PREB UFF_G ETS	preRO WS	PREC PU	PRE_E LA_TI ME	Elap Time Diff	% Diff	POST_ ELAPS ED_TI ME	POST EXEC	POST DISK	POST BUFF_ GETS	POST ROWS	POST CPU
gn7t6kvt240 9g	3	8	63.333 3333	35.333 3333	6.6666 6667	.07	7.93	10.81	8	3	8	63.333 3333	35.333 3333	6.6666 6667

Sql_id - gn7t6kvt2409g is performing bad after the upgrade

Loading Plans for only affected sql's

- Assume only one particular sql_id ' **gn7t6kvt2409g** ' is having problem
- Load the plan for that particular sql_id into Baseline

```
begin
:cnt := dbms_spm.load_plans_from_sqlset
(sqlset_name => ' MCS_10G_03052011,
  basic_filter => 'sql_id=" gn7t6kvt2409g ');
end;
/
```


Migrate to SPM from Stored Outlines

- Turn on the auto capture `create_stored_outline = TRUE`
- Run all the sql or execute the work load
- If you manually execute the sql's , use the exact sql text (with bind variables)
- Turn of the auto capture. `create_stored_outline = FALSE`
- Outlines are stored in the OUTLN schema, verify with following sql
 - `select name, sql_text, category from user_outlines;`
- Export the schema and import it into 11g (or)
- Use EM or `DBMS_SPM.MIGRATE_STORED_OUTLINE`

Example

Migrate the Stored Outlines based on category, sql text ...

```
SQL> exec
```

```
  :report:=DBMS_SPM.MIGRATE_STORED_OUTLINE(attribute_name=>'OUTLINE_
NAME', attribute_value => 'sql_stmt');
```

```
-- Migrate all Stored Outlines
```

```
SQL> exec
```

```
  :report:=DBMS_SPM.MIGRATE_STORED_OUTLINE(attribute_name=>'ALL');
```

1) Source database: Non Prod (QA)

1.1) Find out *sql_handle* for the stored baseline

```
SQL> SELECT SQL_HANDLE, sql_text, PLAN_NAME, ORIGIN,created, ENABLED,  
ACCEPTED, FIXED, MODULE  
FROM DBA_SQL_PLAN_BASELINES  
where origin like 'STORED%'  
and sql_text like 'select * from sales_tmp where %'  
order by created desc;
```

1.2) Create the staging table to hold the baseline information to exp.

```
SQL> set serveroutput on  
BEGIN  
DBMS_SPM.CREATE_STGTAB_BASELINE(  
table_name => 'spm_sri',  
table_owner => 'doraisr',  
tablespace_name => 'USERS');  
END;  
/
```

1.3) Pack the baseline into staging table

```
SQL>
```

```
DECLARE
```

```
l_plans_packed PLS_INTEGER;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
l_plans_packed := DBMS_SPM.pack_stgtab_baseline(
```

```
table_name      => 'spm_sri',
```

```
sql_handle      => 'SYS_SQL_1835a435979d3240',
```

```
table_owner     => 'DORAISR');
```

```
DBMS_OUTPUT.put_line('Plans Packed: ' || l_plans_packed);
```

```
END;
```

```
/
```

1.4) Verify data is captured in the table created

```
SQL> select SQL_HANDLE,CREATED
```

```
from DORAISR.spm_sri;
```

Export this table spm_sri and import it into the target database (prod)

Migrate the plan to Prod

2.1) Import the table into prod database

2.2) Check baseline exist or not for the same sql_handle

```
SQL> select SQL_HANDLE, PLAN_NAME, ENABLED, ACCEPTED, FIXED,  
          substr(CREATED,1,18) created, OPTIMIZER_COST, SQL_TEXT  
from dba_sql_plan_baselines  
where sql_handle='SYS_SQL_1835a435979d3240';
```

2.3) if exist, drop it or you can disable it.

```
SQL> set serveroutput on  
DECLARE  
    l_plans_dropped PLS_INTEGER;  
BEGIN  
    l_plans_dropped := DBMS_SPM.drop_sql_plan_baseline (  
        sql_handle => 'SYS_SQL_1835a435979d3240',  
        plan_name => NULL);  
    DBMS_OUTPUT.put_line(l_plans_dropped);  
END;
```

Migrate the plan to Prod

2.4) unpack baseline data

```
DECLARE
```

```
l_plans_unpacked PLS_INTEGER;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
l_plans_unpacked := DBMS_SPM.unpack_stgtab_baseline(
```

```
table_name => 'spm_sri',
```

```
table_owner => 'DORAISR',
```

```
creator => 'DORAISR');
```

```
DBMS_OUTPUT.put_line('Plans Unpacked: ' || l_plans_unpacked);
```

```
END;
```

```
/
```

2.5) verify baseline created with enabled=yes, accepted=yes

```
select SQL_HANDLE, PLAN_NAME, ENABLED, ACCEPTED, FIXED,  
       substr(CREATED,1,18) created, OPTIMIZER_COST, SQL_TEXT  
from dba_sql_plan_baselines  
where sql_handle='SYS_SQL_1835a435979d3240';
```

Preferred - Upgrade Strategy

- Keep (OFE) `optimizer_features_enable=10.x` after the upgrade to 11g
- Set `capture_sql_plan_baselines =true`
- Set `use_sql_plan_baselines =false`
- This will enable optimizer to capture all the 10g plans into sql plan baseline
- Set OFE to 11.x after few days
- Set `use_sql_plan_baselines=true` to start using the 10g plans instead of new 11g
- Set `capture_sql_plan_baselines =false` (if you don't want to capture new 11g plans)

Lessons Learned

1. Optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baseline

Disabled optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baseline on may 26 but still it is capturing the sql plans. What is the reason ?

```
SQL> show parameter sql_plan_baselines
```

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines	boolean	FALSE
optimizer_use_sql_plan_baselines	boolean	TRUE

```
1 select count(*),trunc(created),accepted,fixed from DBA_SQL_PLAN_BASELINES
2 group by trunc(created),accepted,fixed
3* order by 2;
```

COUNT (*)	TRUNC (CREATED)	ACCEPTED	FIXED
191	05-26-2011 00:00:00	NO	NO
50	05-26-2011 00:00:00	YES	NO
23	05-27-2011 00:00:00	NO	NO
2	05-29-2011 00:00:00	NO	NO
10	05-30-2011 00:00:00	NO	NO
387	05-31-2011 00:00:00	NO	NO

Once a plan exist in the base line it will continue to capture , however they will be marked as not accepted.

2. Disabling the BAD plan

Use `DBMS_SPM.ALTER_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE` to disable the bad plan

```
SQL> variable cnt number;
SQL> exec :cnt :=DBMS_SPM.ALTER_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE( -
SQL_HANDLE => 'SYS_SQL_bf5c9b08f72bde3e', -
PLAN_NAME => 'SQL_PLAN_byr4v13vkrrjy42949306' -
ATTRIBUTE_NAME => 'enabled', -
ATTRIBUTE_VALUE => 'NO');
```

```
SQL> SELECT sql_handle, sql_text, plan_name, enabled FROM dba_sql_plan_baselines
Where sql_handle = 'SYS_SQL_bf5c9b08f72bde3e'
And plan_name = 'SQL_PLAN_byr4v13vkrrjy42949306';
```

SQL_HANDLE	SQL_TEXT	PLAN_NAME	ENABLE
SYS_SQL_bf5c9b08f72bde3e	SELECT PROD_NAME, SUM	SQL_PLAN_byr4v13vkrrjy42949306	N

3. Why optimizer not using the new loaded plan

Solution - Flush the sql_id

- PURGING A SQL FROM SHARED POOL
- select ADDRESS, HASH_VALUE from V\$SQLAREA where SQL_ID = '3hs5fvu5mhmw9'
- exec sys.DBMS_SHARED_POOL.PURGE ('00000008739FEBD8, 2335723401', 'C');
- Run the sql again after flushing from the shared pool.
- Check the note of the plan to verify if it used baseline plan.

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor('3hs5fvu5mhmw9',0));  
PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT
```

```
-----  
SQL_ID 3hs5fvu5mhmw9,child number 0  
-----
```

Plan hash value: 3401323945 (removed the plan to fit the slide)

Note

- **SQL plan baseline SQL_PLAN_8q2x2hscyvhyad01cf9be** used for this statement

4. Selection criteria for multiple Fixed Plans

If Multiple Plans are FIXED with sql plan baseline, what criteria is used by the optimizer to choose amongst the FIXED plans

If there are multiple FIXED plans, then the Optimizer will cost each of the plans and pick the one with the lowest cost.

Why it is not using the sql profile generated by tuning advisor

When there is a fixed plan in the baseline , the accepted sql profile is added to the baseline as non fixed plan. Optimizer will not use the tuned plan when reproducible fixed plan is present.

Note

- Database does not evolve a fixed SQL plan baseline when you execute `DBMS_SPM.EVOLVE_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE`.
- You can evolve a fixed SQL plan baseline by manually loading new plans into it

5. Where is sql_id in baseline

SQL_ID is used everywhere else like V\$sql, v\$sql_plan to analyze a specific SQL. However, SQL PLAN BASELINE table does not have Sql_id column. Any easier way to locate a specific SQL in SQL PLAN BASELINE table

The dictionary view DBA_SQL_PLAN_BASELINES does not contain sql_id. Matches need to be made using the SIGNATURE column

For example

```
SELECT s.sql_id, s.sql_text
FROM v$sql s, dba_sql_plan_baselines b
WHERE s.exact_matching_signature=b.SIGNATURE;
```

Or you can use the the PLAN_NAME column in DBA_SQL_PLAN_BASELINES.

```
SELECT s.sql_id, s.sql_text
FROM v$sql s, dba_sql_plan_baselines b
WHERE s.sql_plan_baseline=b.plan_name;
```

6. Why it is not using the fixed plan

We exported the good plan and imported it into this prd database (11.2.0.1)

1. We made this new plan as fixed.
2. We notice there are multiple accepted for the same sql but only the one we imported is fixed.
3. Oracle picks up one of these accepted plans stored instead of the fixed plan.
4. We remove all the other accepted plans and keep only the fixed alone .
5. Optimizer now picks up this plan and performs good.

Reason from oracle (probably a bug we believe)

1. Sql baseline contained several accepted and one fixed plan for that sql_id
2. Query issued – Matches with one of the accepted plan but not the fixed plan
3. Goes ahead and execute the accepted plan even though it is not fixed.
4. Marking a plan as fixed did not prevent the optimizer from using other accepted plans in the SQL plan baseline.

According to oracle document - 11.2.0.2

1. Optimizer gives preference to fixed plans over non-fixed ones
2. Optimizer will pick the fixed plan even though non accepted plan cost is less
3. If the fixed plans are not reproducible than the optimizer picks non-fixed accepted plans

7. Issues faced after Database upgrade

SQL Plans

- The SQL Plans that were captured in the export were SQL Plans from the AWR for the past 30 days.
- Sql plans that were not part of the captured plans started behaving bad.
- These are the plans that were good in 10g but misbehaved in 11g

Solution :

- STS set should span across months to capture sql's from month end processing.
- Capture another set of STS from cursor cache also.
- Keep at least one non prod still in 10g this will help in bringing the affected sql_plan alone from 10g to 11g

8. Our strategy capturing from load test

Issue

- Upgraded our QA box to 11.2
- Load test with `Optimizer_features_enable` set to 10.2.0.4
- `optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines = TRUE`
- We assumed that we got all the sql
- Many sql's were missing in baseline since SPM captures only repeatable sql statement

Solution

- Populate baselines from cursor cache or use a SQL Tuning Set

9. Issues faced after Database upgrade

SQL Plans

- Optimizer NOT using SQL PLAN baselines even with FIXED or ACCEPTED plans
- We had this problem with 11.2.0.1

Solution :

- Due to Oracle cardinality feedback feature it was not using our fixed sql plans.
- We turned off this by setting `*._optimizer_use_feedback=FALSE`
- You can also disable this by
`select /*+ opt_param('_optimizer_use_feedback' 'false') */`
- It is suppose to be fixed in 11.2.0.2 but we didn't try changing it back yet

- Note.789888.1 - HOW TO LOAD SQL PLANS INTO SPM FROM AWR
- Note 801033.1 - HOW TO MOVE 10gR2 EXECUTION PLANS AND LOAD INTO 11g SPM
- Note 787692.1 - HOW TO LOAD HINTED EXECUTION PLANS INTO SQL PLAN BASELINE
- Note.790039.1 - HOW TO DROP PLANS FROM SPM REPOSITRY
- Note.456518.1 - SQL PLAN MANAGEMENT

Oracle® Database Performance Tuning Guide 11g Release 2 (11.2)

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Upgrading from Oracle Database 10g to 11g: What to expect from the Optimizer –
Maria Colgan

SQL Plan Management in Oracle Database 11g - Maria Colgan

What to expect from the Optimizer when upgrading from Oracle Database 10g to 11g
- Maria Colgan & Mohamed Zait

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<http://www.databasejournal.com/features/oracle/article.php/3730391/Oracle-Database-11g-SQL-Plan-Management-Part-2.htm>



Q
QUESTION S
ANSWERS
A